

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

١٢٨

Ministry of Science, Research & Technology



University of Art

Music Faculty

**Dissertation for the Degree of Master of Arts in
Performance of universal music**

Practical Subject

Piano Recital

Superviser

Mrs. Dilbar Hakimova

Theoretical Subject

A piece for solo piano & other piece for
Strings, piccolo & dhole

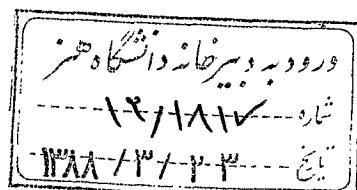
Adviser

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Prepared by

Rebecca Ashooghian

Academic Year 2009



وزارت علوم ، تحقیقات و فناوری



دانشکده موسیقی

پایان نامه تخصصی جهت اخذ درجه کارشناسی ارشد

رشته نوازندگی موسیقی جهانی

موضوع بخش عملی

رسیتال پیانو

استاد راهنمای

خانم دلبر حکیم آوا

موضوع بخش نظری

ساخت یک قطعه برای پیانو سولو و قطعه ای دیگر برای ارکستر زهی، پیکولو و دهل

استاد مشاور

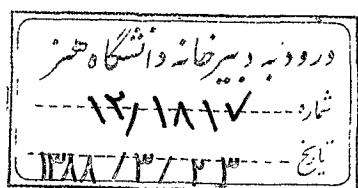
آقای نادر مشایخی

نگارش، آهنگ سازی و اجراء

ربکا آشوقيان

ادمینیستراتور
سازمان

ماه و سال تیر ۱۳۸۸



۱۱۸۲۵۹

Abstract

Theoretical parts of my thesis include the creation of two works that reflect important role of "Komitas"¹ in music history as a composer, folklorist, the collector & corrector of Armenian music & also dedicated to the eternal spirit of this great man on the eve of his 140's birth anniversary. The first piece is called "April Image" for solo piano & the second is "Festivita" for strings, piccolo & dhole.

"April Image" is a free form piece in one movement, containing classical music structures, folkloric elements of Armenian music & colorings of contemporary music that formed my personal language. The images that hide in the essence of this piece is a reflection of the gloomy events² of 1915.

"Festivita", again is a composition in one movement with mixed texture, organized of homophony & polyphony. The main themes of this piece are formed on the basis of intervals & metric-rhythmic particulars of Armenian music. This work shows collective dances during a feast.

The total particulars of these two works point to factors such as usage of specific compound rhythmic patterns & their sudden changes, polyrhythmic structures, cause variety in texture with creative harmonization & sometimes counterpoint. Continuous modulations causing polytonal space and at the end expand the dynamic spectre, timber and intonation with modern executive techniques.

1 . Soghomon Soghomonian, known as Komitas. (1869-1935)

2 . 24 April 1915, the memorial day of Armenian Genocide carried out by the young Turks in the Ottoman empire.

And now subject of the practical part is performing of piano recital with above repertory:

- J.S. BACH** “ French Suite No.4 in E flat major”

Preludium,Allemande,Courante,Sarabande,Gavotte,Gavotte II ,Menuet,Air, Gigue

- L.V.BEETHOVEN** ”3 Bagatelles Op.126”

Allegro ,Presto ,Presto -Andante amabile e con moto

- R.SHUMANN** ” Carnaval , Op.9 ”

- S.RACHMANINOV** “Etude Op.33 No.9”

- KOMITAS-ANDRIASIAN** “Garun a”

- M.RAVEL** “Concerto for Piano & Orchestra in G major”

Allegramente

Adagio assai

Presto

- R. ASHOOGHIAN** “April Image”

Dedicated to Komitas

April IMAGE

Andante dolce

Rebecca Ashoogian

Piano { *mp leggiera*

Largo

6 *mf Tragic.espressivo*

7 *sub p*

2

Lento

Cantabile

8

sostenuto

Cresc.

10

fp

f marcato

12

mp

Cresc.

ff

14

mf

Largo

16 *mf Tragic.espressivo* Cresc.

17 *subp*

18 *animato*, *mf ritmico* *accel.*

23 *mp*

27

Cresc.

32

rubato

dim.

37

p

mf

rit.

41

f

mp

rit.

Cantando Maestoso

46

f

49

mf

52

fp *poco a poco Cresc./accelerando*

ff

Andante dolce

54

mp *leggiero*

Largamente, espressivo

57

8va

5.

f

8va

rit.

8va

rit.

60

pp

rit.

rit.

Festivita

for strings, piccolo & percussion

Rebecca Ashooghian

Andante $\text{♩} = 54$

A musical score for six string instruments and two percussion parts. The instrumentation includes Piccolo, Violin I, Violin II, Viola, Cello, and Contrabass. The score is in common time, key signature of one sharp, and tempo Andante (♩ = 54). The music consists of two measures. In the first measure, all instruments play eighth-note patterns. The second measure begins with a dynamic *f*. The Piccolo plays a sixteenth-note pattern labeled "pizz." followed by a sixteenth-note pattern labeled "flageolet arco 8va". The Violin I and Violin II play eighth-note patterns labeled "pizz." and "flageolet arco 8va" respectively. The Viola and Cello play eighth-note patterns labeled "pizz." and "conlegno". The Contrabass plays eighth-note patterns labeled "pizz." and "gliss.". The score concludes with a dynamic *p*.

Festivita

4

Picc.

Vln. I *quasi cantabile*
arco *mp*

Vln. II pizz.
non div.

Vla. pizz.
non div.

Vc. arco
con legno

Cb. arco

p

7

Picc.

Vln. I *Sul G* -
cresc.

Vln. II cresc.

Vla. cresc.

Vc. 3

Cb. cresc.

10

Picc.

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

Cb.

f

mf

mf

mf

mf

mf

10

11

12

Picc.

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

Cb.

mp *f*

marcato

pizz.

pizz.

ff

arco

14

Picc.

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

Cb.

p

pp

mf

arcocantabile

pizz.

mf

subito p

p

16

Picc.

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

Cb.

marcato

quasi cantabile

pizz.

f

ff

p

f

ff

conlegno

ff

p

f

19

Picc.

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

Cb.

19

22

Picc.

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

Cb.

22

24

Picc.

Vln. I *f*

Vln. II *mf*

Vla. *mf*

Vc. *mf*

Cb. *mf*

26

Picc.

Vln. I *mp* *f*

Vln. II

Vla. *marcato*

Vc. *pizz.*

Cb. *pizz.*

28

Picc.

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

Cb.

28

pizz.

arcò cantabile

mf

subito p

gliss.

p

30

Picc.

Vln. I

Vln. II

Vla.

Vc.

Cb.

marcato

f

ff

non div.

subito p

non div.

f

ff

3

ff

3

arcò

subito p

arcò

subito p

arcò

subito p

ff

3

subito p

f

poco a poco accel.

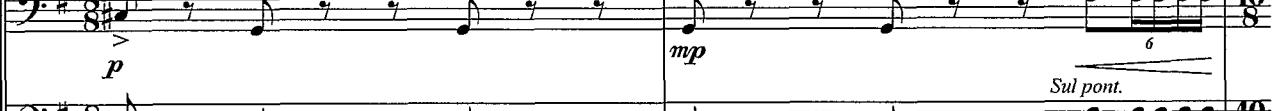
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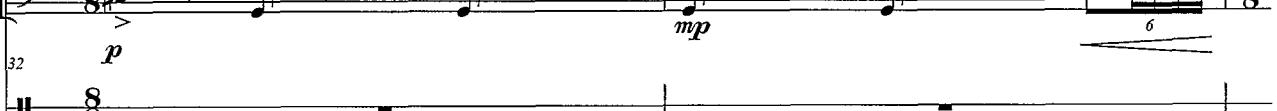
Picc. 

Vln. I 

Vln. II 

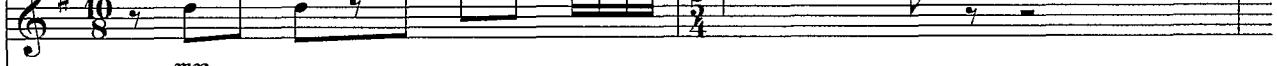
Vla. 

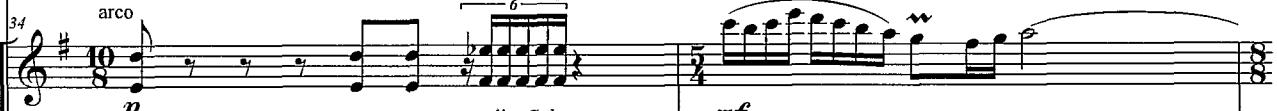
Vc. 

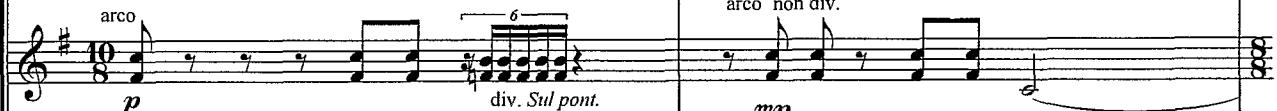
Cb. 

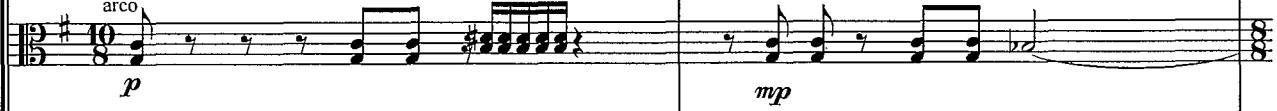
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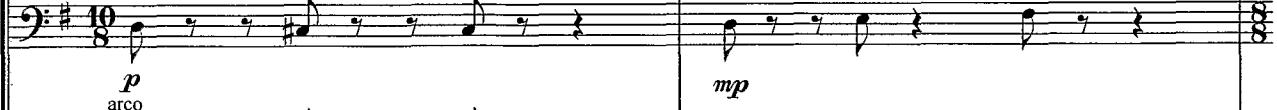
34 

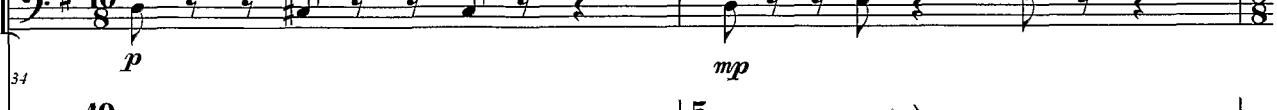
Picc. 

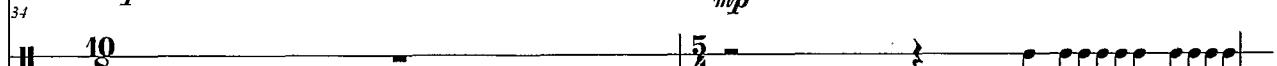
Vln. I 

Vln. II 

Vla. 

Vc. 

Cb. 

34 

molto piu mosso